



# Forensics II

Android reverse engineering

Logs [repetition]

# Android reverse engineering tools



- dex2jar
  - A group of tools to work with android .dex and java .class files in combination with for example Java Decompiler
  - <https://code.google.com/p/dex2jar/>
- smali/baksmali
  - An assembler/disassembler for the dex format used by dalvik, Android's Java VM implementation
  - <https://code.google.com/p/smali/>
- android-apktool
  - A tool for reverse engineering 3rd party, closed, binary Android apps
  - It can decode resources to nearly original form and rebuild them after making some modifications (smali/baksmali integration)
  - It makes possible to **debug smali code** step by step via DDMS (wiki)
  - <https://code.google.com/p/android-apktool/>
- apk-signer
  - <https://code.google.com/p/apk-signer/>

# Reversing an Android app



- Task – get rid of the lockout time nag in the Android Bluetooth GPS output program
  - <http://www.meowsbox.com/btgps/index.html>
- Tools
  - Apktool, dex2jar, Java Decompiler and jarsigner (Java JDK)
- Get hold of the apk file e.g. /data/app/com.meowsbox.btgps.apk, (can also be in /data/app-private/) from the Android phone or Internet
- Unzip the com.meowsbox.btgps.apk file and grab classes.dex file
  - Run "d2j-dex2jar classes.dex" which will convert the dex file into a ordinary jar file which can be opened with Java Decompiler
- Run "apktool d com.meowsbox.btgps.apk" which will decompress it and disassembly the apk file
  - A folder is created with the resources and .smali "dalvik" code etc.
- Using Java Decompiler try to localize where the time nag is in the java code and find the corresponding code in the smali "assemblies"

# Java vs. dalvik code

I changed the opcode  
from **if-eqz** to **if-nez** in  
BluetoothChat.smali

```
.method public sendNMEAString(Ljava/lang/String;)V
```

```
.locals 8
```

```
.parameter "nmeaString"
```

```
.prologue
```

```
const/4 v7, 0x1
```

```
.line 954
```

```
iget-object v4, p0, Lcom/meowsbox/btgps/BluetoothChat;->mChatService:Lcom/meowsbox/btgps/BluetoothChatService;
```

```
invoke-virtual {v4}, Lcom/meowsbox/btgps/BluetoothChatService;->getState()I
```

```
move-result v4
```

```
const/4 v5, 0x3
```

```
if-ne v4, v5, :cond_0
```

```
.line 955
```

```
iget-boolean v4, p0, Lcom/meowsbox/btgps/BluetoothChat;->isRegistered:Z
```

```
if-nez v4, :cond_1
```

```
.line 956
```

```
invoke-virtual {p1}, Ljava/lang/String;->getBytes()[B
```

```
public void sendNMEAString(String paramString)
```

```
{  
    if (this.mChatService.getState() == 3)  
    {  
        if (!this.isRegistered)  
            break label44;  
        byte[] arrayOfByte1 = paramString.getBytes();  
        this.mChatService.write(arrayOfByte1);  
        int i = this.limit_nmeaCount + 1;  
        this.limit_nmeaCount = i;  
    }  
    while (true)  
    {  
        return;  
        label44: if (this.limit_nmeaCount < 3000)  
        {  
            byte[] arrayOfByte2 = paramString.getBytes();  
            this.mChatService.write(arrayOfByte2);  
            int j = this.limit_nmeaCount + 1;  
            this.limit_nmeaCount = j;  
            continue;  
        }  
    }  
    TextView localTextView = (TextView)findViewById(2131099664);  
    localTextView.setText(  
        "***Trial time limit reached: GPS output disabled.");  
}
```

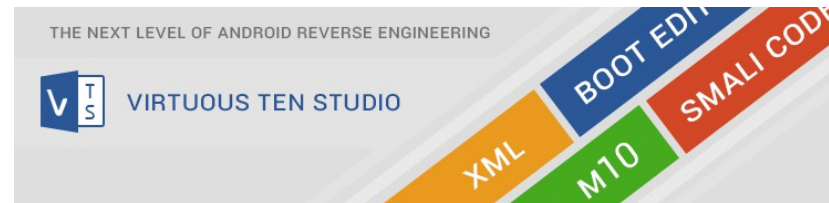
First if – jump to :cond\_0

Second if – jump!

# Repackaging and protection

- When the smali code changes are saved run
  - "apktool b com.meowsbox.btgps com.meowsbox.btgps\_new.apk"
- After rebuilding the application it needs to be signed, run
  - "C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.7.0\_XX\bin\jarsigner" -keystore C:\Users\hjo\.android\debug.keystore com.meowsbox.btgps\_new.apk androiddebugkey
  - Use the password android
- After this you can install the cracked app with ADB etc.
- To protect your code enable proguard in the project.properties file
  - proguard.config == proguard-project.txt
  - Note that Proguard never runs when you compile "debug" code!
- To obfuscate your android program (android:debuggable should be off in the AndroidManifest.xml as well) and create "release" code
  - In eclipse mark your project and select File > Export > Android > Export Android Application which will compile and align your code
  - Then follow the wizard and point out your debug keystore (as above) or your registred developer keystore and enter the password

# Virtuous Ten Studio

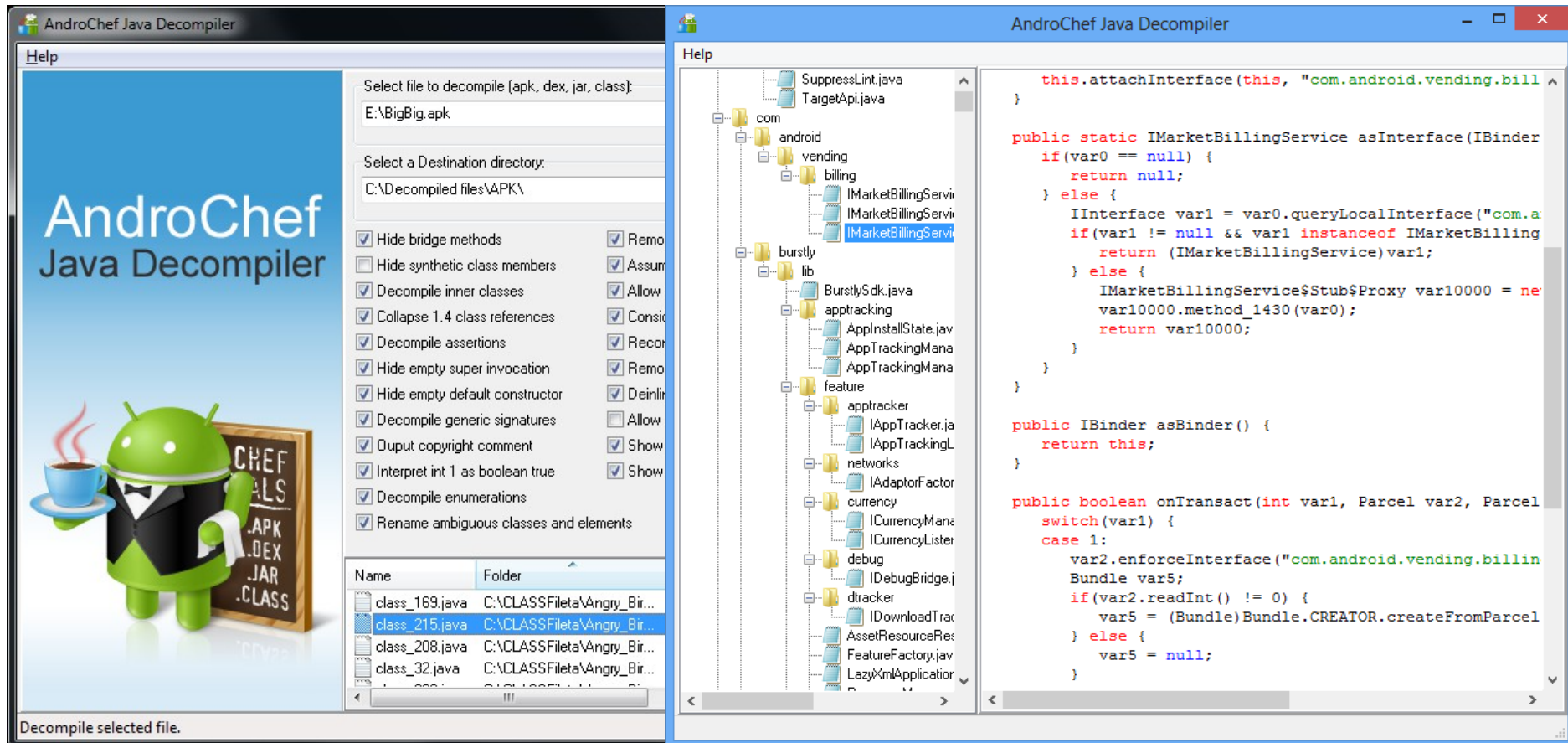


- Fully featured IDE (free, small time nag)
- Seamless integration of useful external tools
  - ApkTool, Smali/Baksmali, ADB, Zipalign, Sign, dex2jar
  - Winmerge, Remote Theme Injector (RTI) and many more
- Work with your apks just like having real java code
- Edit smali code like never before
  - Syntax highlighting, Live syntax error checking
  - Jumping to smali references (method calls, fields, classes, gotos), Help files on almost every smali command and topic
- Enhanced XML workflow
- Unpack and repack boot images
  - Edit any content of your boot.img (no need of Linux)
- Direct communication with the Android device
- Tutorials
  - <http://www.virtuous-ten-studio.com/>



# AndroChef Java Decompiler

- AndroChef Java Decompiler builds upon DJ Java Decompiler at: <http://www.neshkov.com/>
- AndroChef: [http://www.neshkov.com/ac\\_decompiler.html](http://www.neshkov.com/ac_decompiler.html)



The screenshot displays the AndroChef Java Decompiler interface. The left pane shows the 'Select file to decompile' dialog with the file 'E:\BigBig.apk' selected and the destination directory 'C:\Decompiled files\APK\' set. Below this are various decompilation options, such as 'Hide bridge methods' and 'Decompile inner classes', which are mostly checked. A table at the bottom lists decompiled class files like 'class\_169.java' and 'class\_215.java'. The right pane shows a tree view of the decompiled package structure, including 'com.android.vending.billing' and 'burstly.lib'. The main area on the right displays the decompiled Java code for the 'asInterface' method, showing the implementation of the 'IMarketBillingService' interface.

```
public static IMarketBillingService asInterface(IBinder
if(var0 == null) {
    return null;
} else {
    IInterface var1 = var0.queryLocalInterface("com.a
if(var1 != null && var1 instanceof IMarketBilling
    return (IMarketBillingService)var1;
} else {
    IMarketBillingService$Stub$Proxy var10000 = ne
var10000.method_1430(var0);
    return var10000;
}
}

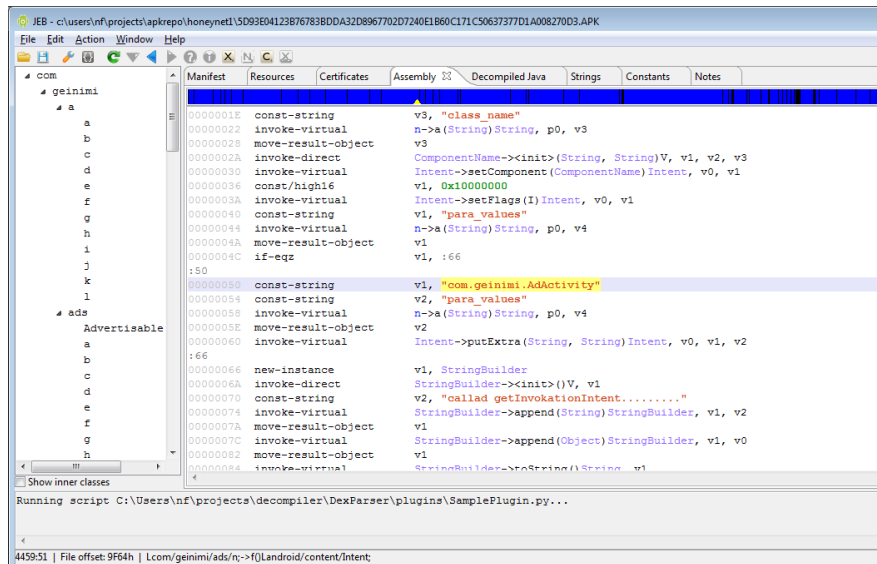
public IBinder asBinder() {
    return this;
}

public boolean onTransact(int var1, Parcel var2, Parcel
switch(var1) {
    case 1:
        var2.enforceInterface("com.android.vending.billin
        Bundle var5;
        if(var2.readInt() != 0) {
            var5 = (Bundle)Bundle.CREATOR.createFromParcel
        } else {
            var5 = null;
        }
    }
}
```

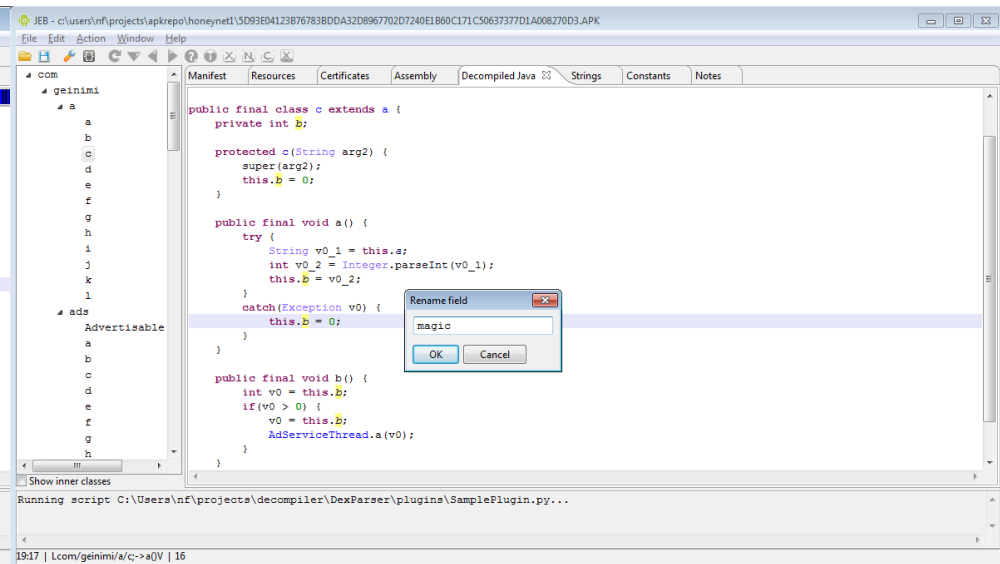


# JEB - The Interactive Android Decompiler

- Full-fledged Dalvik decompiler. At its core, JEB's unique feature is its ability to directly decompile Dalvik bytecode to Java source code
- Interactivity. Analysts need flexible tools, especially when they deal with obfuscated or protected pieces of code
- Full APK view. Take advantage of the full APK view, including decompressed manifest, resources, certificates, strings, constants, etc.
- API for Automation. Use JEB's Application Programming Interface (API) to write Python scripts and plugins, and automate your analysis needs.
- Track your progress. Save your analysis to binary files, track progress through JEB's revision history mechanism
- Technical support and Multi-platform
- <http://www.android-decompiler.com/>



```
0000001E const-string v3, "class_name"
00000022 invoke-virtual n->a(String)String, p0, v3
00000028 move-result-object v3
0000002A invoke-direct ComponentName-><init>(String, String)V, v1, v2, v3
00000030 invoke-virtual Intent->setComponent(ComponentName)Intent, v0, v1
00000036 const/high16 v1, 0x10000000
0000003A invoke-virtual Intent->setFlags(I)Intent, v0, v1
00000040 const-string v1, "para_values"
00000044 invoke-virtual n->a(String)String, p0, v4
0000004A move-result-object v1
0000004C if-eqz v1, :e6
:e6
00000050 const-string v1, "com.geinimi.AdActivitiy"
00000054 const-string v2, "para_values"
00000058 invoke-virtual n->a(String)String, p0, v4
0000005E move-result-object v2
00000060 invoke-virtual Intent->putExtra(String, String)Intent, v0, v1, v2
:66
00000066 new-instance v1, StringBuilder
0000006A invoke-direct StringBuilder-><init>()V, v1
00000070 const-string v2, "called getInvokationIntent....."
00000074 invoke-virtual StringBuilder->append(String)StringBuilder, v1, v2
0000007A move-result-object v1
0000007C invoke-virtual StringBuilder->append(Object)StringBuilder, v1, v0
00000082 move-result-object v1
00000084 invoke-virtual StringBuilder->toString()String, v1
```



```
public final class c extends a {
    private int b;

    protected c(String arg2) {
        super(arg2);
        this.b = 0;
    }

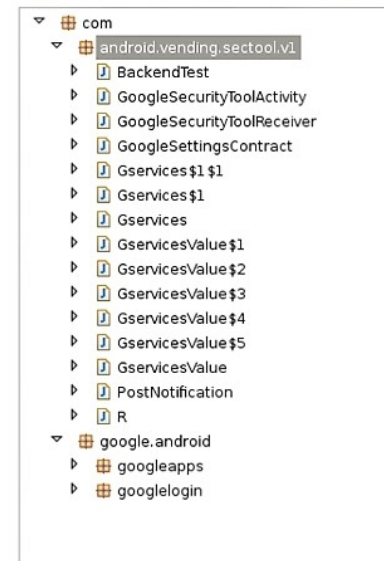
    public final void a() {
        try {
            String v0_1 = this.a;
            int v0_2 = Integer.parseInt(v0_1);
            this.b = v0_2;
        }
        catch (Exception v0) {
            this.b = 0;
        }
    }

    public final void b() {
        int v0 = this.b;
        if (v0 > 0) {
            v0 = this.b;
            AdServiceThread.a(v0);
        }
    }
}
```

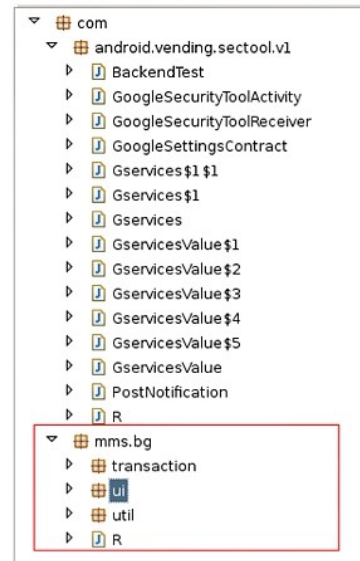
# Some Android Trojans analysis

- Geinimi Trojan Technical Analysis
  - Read, collect, send and delete SMS messages
  - Pull all contact information and send it to a remote server (number, name, the time they were last contacted)
  - Place a phone call
  - Silently download files
  - Launch a web browser with a specific URL
  - <http://blog.mylookout.com/2011/01/geinimi-trojan-technical-analysis/>
- Android Bgserv
  - Google released a security solution to deal with the Trojan:Android/DroidDream.A
  - <http://www.f-secure.com/weblog/archives/00002116.html>
- An app may contain an exploit which root your phone silently
  - Rageagainstthecage - CVE-2010-EASY  
Android local root exploit (C) 2010 by 743C
  - Patched/closed in 2.2.2 and later
- Solutions?
  - AV and firewall tools?

Clean or Real Android Market Security Tool

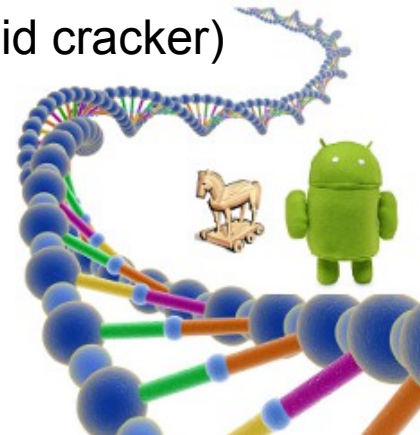


Trojan:Android/Bgserv.A



# Android reversing resources

- Androguard Reverse Engineering
  - Malware and goodware analysis of Android applications
  - Wiki page have a open source database of Android Malwares
  - <https://code.google.com/p/androguard/>
- Virtual Machine for Android Reverse Engineering
  - <https://redmine.honeynet.org/projects/are>
- XDA developers
  - Android Development and Hacking > Android Software Development
- Android cracking
  - Got many nice crackmes and tutorials (Way of the android cracker)
  - <http://androidcracking.blogspot.se/>
- Google for “Android malware reversing”
  - <http://www.android-x86.org/> (run apk in full speed)
  - <http://www.malgenomeproject.org/>



# How to read and examine logs?

- We can usually open the log as a text file, but not convenient in general (due to the information size)
- We can write our own code to examine – Perl and Python are the common languages used for this
  - Advantages: flexible, answer your needs (if you got the skills)
- We can use dedicated software specialized in log analysis
- Logs are the collection of basic events
  - One basic event is often not really important but several events can lead to interesting conclusions
  - Sometimes it is the only reliable source of information left
- Cross-analyze log files may be useful
- Statistical analysis is also important
- The analysis and understanding is often not obvious
- We have to re-build the puzzle!

# Common Log Format



- The Common Log Format is a standardized text file format used by web servers which may be analyzed by a variety of analysis programs, example:
- **Apache access.log**
- Each line in a file stored in the Common Log Format has the following **syntax**: host ident auth-user date request status bytes

```
127.0.0.1 - frank [10/Oct/2000:13:55:36 -0700] "GET /apache_pb.gif HTTP/1.0" 200 2326
```

- A "-" in a field indicates missing data
- **127.0.0.1** is the IP address of the client (remote host) which made the request to the server
- - RFC 1413 identity of the client, more info: <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1413>
- **frank** is the user id of the person requesting the document
- **[10/Oct/2000:13:55:36 -0700]** is the date, time, and time zone when the server finished processing the request
- **"GET /apache\_pb.gif HTTP/1.0"** is the request line from the client. The method GET, /apache\_pb.gif the resource requested, and HTTP/1.0 the HTTP protocol
- **200** is the HTTP status code returned to the client. 2xx is a successful response, 3xx a redirection, 4xx a client error and 5xx a server error
- **2326** is the size of the object returned to the client, measured in bytes

# Combined Log Format



- Another commonly used format string is called the Combined Log Format
- This format is exactly the same as the Common Log Format, with the addition of two more fields
  - **Referer** (html page where apache\_pb.gif originated) and **User-agent** (the client)

```
127.0.0.1 - frank [10/Oct/2000:13:55:36 -0700] "GET /apache_pb.gif HTTP/1.0" 200 2326
"http://www.example.com/start.html" "Mozilla/4.08 [en] (Win98; I ;Nav)"
```

- **Apache error.log format**

```
[Wed Oct 11 14:32:52 2000] [error] [client 127.0.0.1] client denied by server configuration:
/export/home/live/ap/htdocs/test
```

- The first item in the log entry is the **date and time** of the message
- The second item lists the severity of the error being reported depending on the configured **LogLevel**
- The third item gives the **IP address of the client** that generated the error
- Beyond that is the **message** itself, a very wide variety of different messages can appear
- In this case a client was denied to access `/export/home/live/ap/htdocs/test`

## LogLevels

Level	Description
Emerg	Emergencies - system is unusable
alert	Action must be taken immediately
Crit	Critical Conditions
Error	Error conditions
Warn	Warning conditions
Notice	Normal but significant condition
Info	Informational
Debug	Debug-level messages

# Windows XP IIS Logs

- Microsoft web server is called Internet Information Services (IIS)
- Detailed logging is enabled by default
- Most common and default format is W3C Extended Log File Format
- Log timestamps are GMT
- Default location: %SystemRoot%\System32\Logfiles\W3SVC1\
- Log per day in format exyymmdd.log, where yy=year, mm=month and dd=day
- Example of IIS Log Entry

```
#Software: Microsoft Internet Information Services 5.0
```

```
#Version: 1.0
```

```
#Date: 2006-10-06 00:13:38
```

```
#Fields: date time c-ip cs-username s-sitename s-computername s-ip s-port cs-method cs-uri-stem  
cs-uri-query sc-status sc-bytes cs-bytes time-taken cs-version cs-host cs(User-Agent) cs(Referer)
```

```
2006-10-06 00:13:38 70.55.118.27 - W3SVC1 LINUXBOX 128.175.24.251 80 GET /headers.htm  
- 200 22938 287 672 HTTP/1.1 128.175.24.251 Mozilla/4.0+(compatible);+MSIE+6.0;+Windows+NT+5.1;+SV1)  
http://www.google.ca/search?hl=en&q=email+headers+readers&meta=
```

# Windows Vista/7 IIS 7.5 Logs

The screenshot shows the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager interface. The main window displays the 'Logging' configuration for the 'Default Web Site'. The 'Format' is set to 'W3C'. The 'Directory' field is highlighted with a red box and contains the path: `%SystemDrive%\inetpub\logs\LogFiles`. The 'Encoding' is set to 'UTF-8'. The 'Log File Rollover' section is set to 'Schedule' with 'Daily' selected.

The 'W3C Logging Fields' dialog box is open, showing a list of fields with checkboxes. The following fields are checked:

- Date ( date )
- Time ( time )
- Client IP Address ( c-ip )
- User Name ( cs-username )
- Service Name ( s-sitename )
- Server Name ( s-computername )
- Server IP Address ( s-ip )
- Server Port ( s-port )
- Method ( cs-method )
- URI Stem ( cs-uri-stem )
- URI Query ( cs-uri-query )
- Protocol Status ( sc-status )
- Protocol Substatus ( sc-substatus )
- Win32 Status ( sc-win32-status )
- Bytes Sent ( sc-bytes )
- Bytes Received ( cs-bytes )
- Time Taken ( time-taken )
- Protocol Version ( cs-version )
- Host ( cs-host )
- User Agent ( cs(User-Agent) )
- Cookie ( cs(Cookie) )
- Referrer ( cs(Referer) )

W3SVC1  
and  
W3SVC2  
u\_ex... files

OK Cancel

Configuration: 'localhost' applicationHost.config, <location path="Default Web Site">



# Windows XP FTP Logs

- Microsoft FTP Server
- Detailed logging enabled by default
- Most common and default format is W3C Extended Log File Format
- Log timestamps are GMT
- Default location: %SystemRoot%\System32\Logfiles\MSFTPSVC1\
- Log per day in format exyymmdd.log, where yy=year, mm=month and dd=day
- Example of FTP Log Entry

```
#Software: Microsoft Internet Information Services 5.0
#Version: 1.0
#Date: 2006-10-22 00:05:51
#Fields: date time c-ip cs-username s-sitename s-computername s-ip cs-method cs-uri-stem sc-status sc-bytes
cs-bytes time-taken cs-host
2006-10-22 16:23:11 172.18.24.252 salestaff MSFTPSVC1 intranetweb 172.19.90.111 21 [32]USER salestaff 331 0 0 0 -
2006-10-22 16:23:11 172.18.24.252 salestaff MSFTPSVC1 intranetweb 172.19.90.111 21 [32]PASS - 230 0 0 31 -
2006-10-22 16:23:21 172.18.24.252 salestaff MSFTPSVC1 intranetweb 172.19.90.111 21 [32]sent
/Confidential_Password_List.xls 226 13824 0 0 -
2006-10-22 16:23:28 172.18.24.252 salestaff MSFTPSVC1 intranetweb 172.19.90.111 21 [32]QUIT - 226 0 0 0 -
```

# Microsoft DHCP Server Logs

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) service in which IP address assigned dynamically upon request by host
- Microsoft servers provide this services
- IP address loaned for a short period and thus which machine had which IP address is based on particular point in time
- Logs record host to which IP was assigned
- Time is local system time zone!
- Default location for log is: %SystemRoot%\System32\DHCP\
- Logs stored in one file per day basis
- Format of log file name is: DhcpSrvLog-XXX.log, where XXX=three letters of day of week, i.e. DhcpSrvLog-Sat.log
- Therefore, only 1 full week stored!

# DHCP Log example

## Microsoft DHCP Service Activity Log

### Event ID Meaning

00 The log was started.  
01 The log was stopped.  
02 The log was temporarily paused due to low disk space.  
10 A new IP address was leased to a client.  
11 A lease was renewed by a client.  
12 A lease was released by a client.  
13 An IP address was found to be in use on the network.  
14 A lease request could not be satisfied because the scope's address pool was exhausted.  
15 A lease was denied.  
16 A lease was deleted.  
17 A lease was expired.  
20 A BOOTP address was leased to a client.  
21 A dynamic BOOTP address was leased to a client.  
22 A BOOTP request could not be satisfied because the scope's address pool for BOOTP was exhausted.  
23 A BOOTP IP address was deleted after checking to see it was not in use.  
24 IP address cleanup operation has begun.  
25 IP address cleanup statistics.  
30 DNS update request to the named DNS server  
31 DNS update failed  
32 DNS update successful  
50+ Codes above 50 are used for Rogue Server Detection information.

ID, Date, Time, Description, IPAddress, HostName, MAC Address

10,10/22/06,06:14:25,Assign,172.18.24.252,WRT300\_12.xxx.com,001839AC8765,

- **Event ID** - see table, **Date, Time** (Local system time zone)
- **Description** - action, **IP address** - IP assigned
- **Host name** - to which IP assigned
- **MAC address** - to which IP assigned

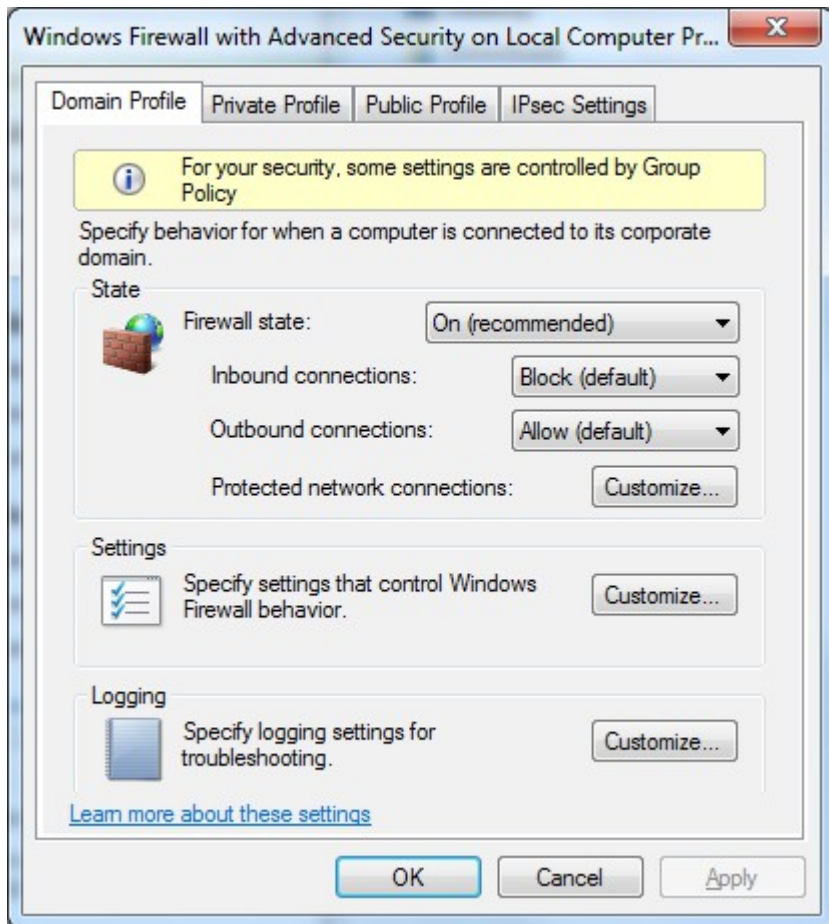
# Windows XP Firewall Logs

- Firewall added to XP with SP 2
- Firewall on by default
- Good logging utility, however, it is off by default
- Enabling is buried deep in user interface
  - Don't expect to find it enabled often, except in domain settings with good administrator!
- Default location of firewall logs is: %SystemRoot%\pfirewall.log
- Always look for it anyway
- Windows Firewall Log Header and data

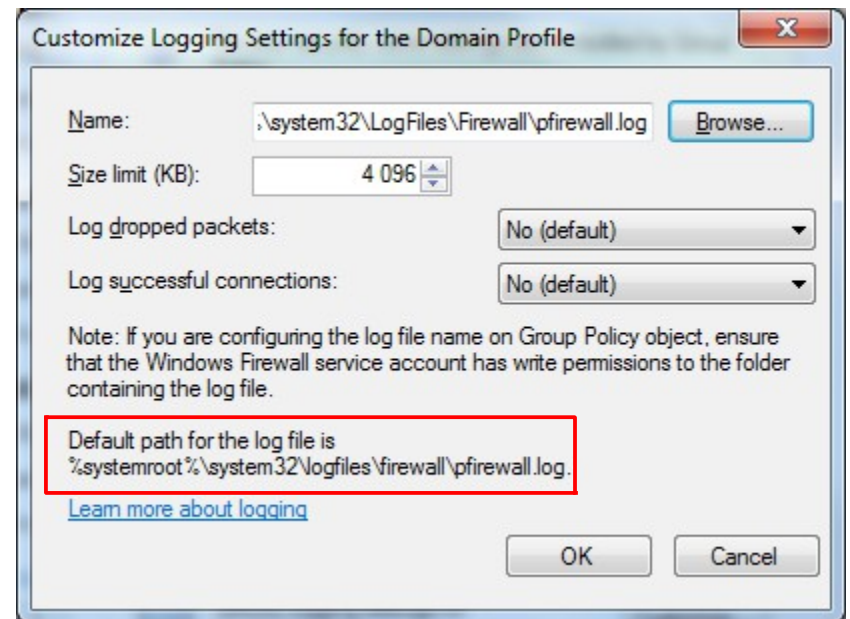
```
#Fields: date time action protocol src-ip dst-ip src-port dst-port  
size tcpflags tcpsyn tcpack tcpwin icmptype icmpcode info path
```

```
2006-10-29 11:36:19 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.101 128.175.13.63 1124 80 - - - - - - - - - -  
2006-10-29 11:36:19 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.101 128.175.13.63 1123 80 - - - - - - - - - -  
2006-10-29 11:36:19 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.101 128.175.13.63 1126 80 - - - - - - - - - -  
2006-10-29 11:36:19 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.101 128.175.13.63 1123 80 - - - - - - - - - -  
2006-10-29 11:36:19 OPEN UDP 192.168.1.101 68.87.64.146 1025 53 - - - - - - - - - -  
2006-10-29 11:36:19 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.101 64.233.169.104 1125 80 - - - - - - - - - -
```

# Windows Vista/7 Firewall Logs



Name	Date modified	Type
AIT	2011-04-29 22:05	File folder
Fax	2009-07-14 07:32	File folder
Firewall	2009-07-14 04:34	File folder
HTTPERR	2011-05-18 16:46	File folder
Scm	2012-04-26 18:39	File folder
SQM	2011-04-29 22:09	File folder
Windows Portable Devices	2009-07-14 07:32	File folder
WMI	2009-07-14 06:45	File folder
WUDF	2011-04-29 21:48	File folder



# Microsoft Port Reporter

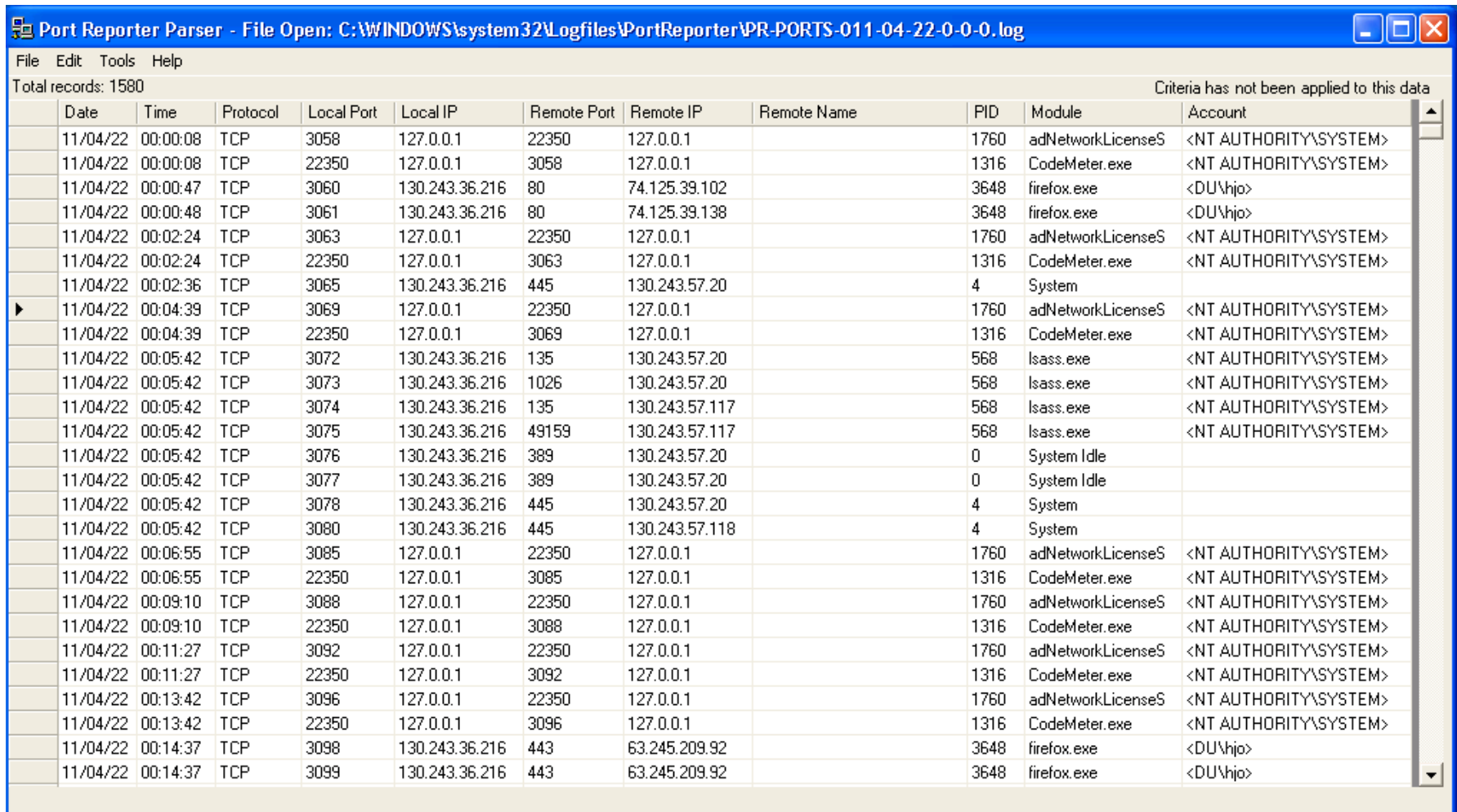
- Port Reporter is a logging service which runs on Microsoft Windows 2000, XP, Server 2003 and newer...?
- Useful for troubleshooting, security, application profiling, application development, and so on...
- Port Reporter logs
  - Ports that are used and the time they are used
  - Processes that use the ports
  - Whether a process is a service
  - All the modules that each process has loaded
  - The user account that each process runs under
- Also logs TCP/IP port usage data and port changes
  - Increase or decrease in connections, port state changes etc.
- Port Reporter comes from MS PortrQry used in local mode
  - Similar to netstat.exe -ano

# Port Reporter Service Log files

- The service creates 3 log files with a name which uses date and time in 24-hour format (the \*) when the file was created
  - PR-INITIAL-\*.log
    - Contains data about the ports, processes and modules running on system when the service started up
  - PR-PORTS-\*.log
    - Contains summary data about TCP and UDP port activity on computer listed using comma-separated value (.csv) format:
      - date, time, protocol, local port, local IP address, remote port, remote IP address, PID, module, user context
  - PR-PIDS-\*.log
    - Contains detailed information about ports, processes, related modules and user account process uses to run
    - Each line in PR-PORTS log has a corresponding entry in the PR-PIDS log
- In summary the 3 log files provide
  - Snapshot of port usage when service starts
  - Summary data on ongoing port usage
  - Detail data on ongoing port usage

# Microsoft Port Reporter Parser

- Helps reviewing log data and apply filters and criterias to identify interesting ports, processes, modules and IP addresses etc.



Port Reporter Parser - File Open: C:\WINDOWS\system32\Logfiles\PortReporter\PR-PORTS-011-04-22-0-0-0.log

File Edit Tools Help

Total records: 1580

Criteria has not been applied to this data

Date	Time	Protocol	Local Port	Local IP	Remote Port	Remote IP	Remote Name	PID	Module	Account
11/04/22	00:00:08	TCP	3058	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:00:08	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3058	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:00:47	TCP	3060	130.243.36.216	80	74.125.39.102		3648	firefox.exe	<DU\hjo>
11/04/22	00:00:48	TCP	3061	130.243.36.216	80	74.125.39.138		3648	firefox.exe	<DU\hjo>
11/04/22	00:02:24	TCP	3063	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:02:24	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3063	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:02:36	TCP	3065	130.243.36.216	445	130.243.57.20		4	System	
11/04/22	00:04:39	TCP	3069	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:04:39	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3069	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3072	130.243.36.216	135	130.243.57.20		568	Isass.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3073	130.243.36.216	1026	130.243.57.20		568	Isass.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3074	130.243.36.216	135	130.243.57.117		568	Isass.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3075	130.243.36.216	49159	130.243.57.117		568	Isass.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3076	130.243.36.216	389	130.243.57.20		0	System Idle	
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3077	130.243.36.216	389	130.243.57.20		0	System Idle	
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3078	130.243.36.216	445	130.243.57.20		4	System	
11/04/22	00:05:42	TCP	3080	130.243.36.216	445	130.243.57.118		4	System	
11/04/22	00:06:55	TCP	3085	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:06:55	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3085	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:09:10	TCP	3088	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:09:10	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3088	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:11:27	TCP	3092	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:11:27	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3092	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:13:42	TCP	3096	127.0.0.1	22350	127.0.0.1		1760	adNetworkLicenseS	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:13:42	TCP	22350	127.0.0.1	3096	127.0.0.1		1316	CodeMeter.exe	<NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM>
11/04/22	00:14:37	TCP	3098	130.243.36.216	443	63.245.209.92		3648	firefox.exe	<DU\hjo>
11/04/22	00:14:37	TCP	3099	130.243.36.216	443	63.245.209.92		3648	firefox.exe	<DU\hjo>



# Sawmill

FTP - Overview

127.0.0.1:8988/?dp=reports&p=ftp&wbsi=93737464000

SAWMILL

Reports of profile FTP | [View Config](#) | [Admin](#) | [Logout {hio}](#) | [Help](#) | [About](#)

Date Picker Filters Printer Friendly Miscellaneous

### Overview

23/Sep/2003 - 06/Mar/2007, 1261 days (entire date range)

	All days	Average per day
Packets	70,068	55
Size	2.18 M	1.77 K
Unique source IPs	222	0
Sessions	0	0
Session events	0	0
Session users	0	0
Session begin	-	-
Session end	-	-
Session duration	00:00:00	00:00:00

Calendar  
Overview  
Date and time  
Actions  
Protocols  
Source IPs  
Destination IPs  
Source ports  
Destination ports  
TCP flags  
TCP SYNs  
TCP ACKs  
TCP windows  
ICMP types  
ICMP codes  
Infos  
Paths  
Sessions  
Single-page Summary  
Log detail

Admin - Profiles

127.0.0.1:8988/?dp=index

SAWMILL

[Change Trial Mode](#) | [Logout {hio}](#) | [Support](#) | [Help](#) | [About](#)

[Profiles](#) | [Scheduler](#) | [Preferences](#) | [Licensing](#) | [Import](#) | [My Account](#)

Create New Profile

FTP	<a href="#">View Reports</a>	<a href="#">View Config</a>			
www	<a href="#">View Reports</a>	<a href="#">View Config</a>			

# Splunk 1

Splunk Manager - Splunk...

hjo-pclap:8000/en-US/manager/launcher/adddata?breadcrumbs=Home|%2Fapp%2Flauncher%2Fhome

Freja och Embla - iGoogle SY Synonymer.se - Lexi... Språkrådet - Lexin xda-developers Android Developers Metasploit Unleashe... Other bookmarks

« Back to Home Logged in as admin | Alerts | Jobs | Logout

splunk > Home » Add Data Help

## Get your data into Splunk from this machine or any other machine in your network

To get started, choose your data type from this list, OR choose a collection method from the second list below.

- A file or directory of files
- Syslog
- Windows event logs
- Windows Registry
- Windows performance metrics
- Unix/Linux logs and metrics
- File integrity monitoring
- Configuration files
- OPSEC LEA
- Cisco device logs
- IIS logs
- Apache logs
- WebSphere logs, metrics and other data
- Any other data...

Choose how you want Splunk to consume your data.

- From files and directories
- From a TCP port
- From a UDP port
- Run and collect the output of a script
- Collect Windows performance data from a remote machine (WMI)
- Collect Windows registry data
- Collect Windows performance data
- Collect Windows event logs locally
- Collect Windows event logs from other machines
- Monitor an Active Directory schema

Is your data on another machine, besides this Splunk server? Install Splunk's [universal forwarder](#) on that machine and tell it to send the data to this Splunk server.

Back

# Splunk 2

The screenshot shows the Splunk Search interface in a browser window. The search query is `source="C:\\hjo\\cases\\logparser-scripts\\samples\\pfirewall.log.old"` and the results are filtered to show 4 events during March 2007. The interface includes a search bar, a results table, and a sidebar with field discovery options.

**Search Query:** `source="C:\\hjo\\cases\\logparser-scripts\\samples\\pfirewall.log.old"`

**Results:** 4 events during March 2007

Event ID	Time	Log Line
1	3/6/07 5:59:19.000 PM	2007-03-06 17:59:19 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.6 192.168.1.1 4595 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.6 192.168.1.1 4597 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 OPEN-INBOUND TCP 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.6 1764 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.6 192.168.1.1 4598 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 OPEN-INBOUND TCP 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.6 1765 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.6 192.168.1.1 4601 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.6 192.168.1.1 4601 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:19 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.6 192.168.1.1 4604 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:29 OPEN-INBOUND TCP 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.6 1766 2869 - - - - - 2007-03-06 17:59:30 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.6 207.68.178.239 4550 80 - - - - -
2	3/5/07 1:07:20.000 PM	2007-03-05 13:07:20 OPEN TCP 192.168.1.6 151.193.163.8 3793 443 - - - - - 2007-03-05 13:07:21 CLOSE TCP 192.168.1.6 151.193.163.8 3805 443 - - - - -

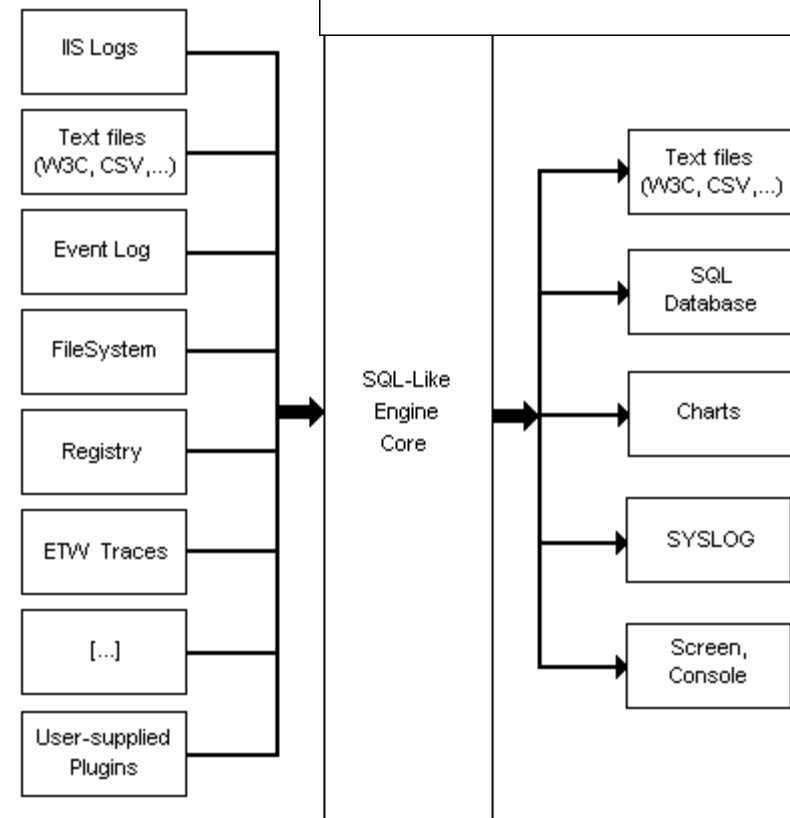
**Field Discovery:** Selected fields (3): host (1), source (1), sourcetype (1). Other interesting fields (6): index (1), linecount (n) (2), punct (1), splunk\_server (1), timeendpos (n) (1), timestartpos (n) (1).

# Microsoft Log Parser (free)

- As an application developer you often need to write some logs for your application
  - There is many logging framework to choose among: Log4net, Log4j, Microsoft Logging Application Block, etc.
  - But when it come to read those logs, search for data, create reports, extract statistics or perform some alert/action on them, things become harder
- Log Parser performs SQL queries against a variety of log files and other system data sources
  - You can query any log and data sources (database, event log, IIS logs, file system, registry, etc.) with a complex SQL query!
  - On the down side, using it from the command line become quickly unpractical as you need to type your SQL query in a DOS prompt
    - logparser -i:EVT "SELECT TOP 20 \* FROM Security WHERE EventID=5032 ORDER BY TimeGenerated DESC" -o DATAGRID
    - logparser -i:W3C -o:DATAGRID "SELECT RowNumber, date, time, action, protocol, src-ip, dst-ip, src-port, dst-port FROM c:\pfirewall.log WHERE dst-port IN (80; 443) ORDER BY RowNumber"

# Log Parser Architecture

- Swiss Army knife for processing Windows logs of all types (and others). The world is your database with Log Parser!
- **Input Formats** are generic *record providers*
  - Input Formats can be thought of as SQL tables containing the data you want to process
  - Manage .evtx (Vista/7) event logs as well
- A **SQL-Like Engine Core** processes the records generated by an Input Format
  - SQL language (SELECT, WHERE, GROUP BY, HAVING, ORDER BY etc.)
  - Aggregate functions (SUM, COUNT, AVG, MAX, MIN etc.)
  - A rich set of functions (e.g. SUBSTR, CASE, REVERSEDNS, etc.)
- **Output Formats** are generic *consumers of records*
  - They can be thought of as SQL tables that receive the results of the data processing
  - BSD syslog protocol, RFC 3164



# Log Parser Lizard

[http://www.lizard-labs.net/log\\_parser\\_lizard.aspx](http://www.lizard-labs.net/log_parser_lizard.aspx)

The screenshot displays the Log Parser Lizard application interface. The main window is titled "Log Parser Lizard" and features a menu bar with "Home", "Query", and "Tools". Below the menu bar is a toolbar with various icons for saving, running, and displaying data. The interface is divided into several sections:

- File System:** A sidebar on the left lists various log sources, with "File System" selected and highlighted in orange.
- Top 10 largest files - File System:** A table displaying the results of a query. The table has three columns: "EXTRACT\_PATH(Path)", "EXTRACT\_FILENAME(Path)", and "DIV(Size, 1048576)".
- Top 10 largest files - File System:** A bar chart showing the size of the top 10 largest files. The y-axis represents size in bytes, ranging from 18.1 to 136. The x-axis represents the files.
- Query:** A text area containing the SQL query used to retrieve the data.
- Query Results:** A status bar at the bottom indicating "Input records: 0, Output records: 0, Rows in table: 10".

EXTRACT_PATH(Path)	EXTRACT_FILENAME(Path)	DIV(Size, 1048576)
d:\apps	OOo_3.3.0_Win_x86_install_en-US.exe	136
d:\apps	eclipse-java-helios-SR2-win32-x86_64.zip	99
d:\apps	jdk-6u25-windows-x64.exe	67
d:\apps	ActivePython-2.7.1.4-win64-x64.msi	42
d:\apps	jre-6u25-windows-x64.exe	16
d:\apps	thebat_pro_4-2-36-4.rar	15
d:\apps\ida-pro	idafree50.exe	15
d:\apps	KillDiskSuiteFree-Setup.exe	11
d:\apps	FoxitReader431_enu_Setup.exe	7
d:\apps\cutepdf	converter.exe	5

```
1 SELECT TOP 10 EXTRACT_PATH(Path), EXTRACT_FILENAME(Path), DIV(Size, 1048576)
2 FROM d:\apps\*. * ORDER BY DIV(Size, 1048576) DESC
```

Copyright (C) 2006-2010 Lizard Labs [www.lizard-labs.net](http://www.lizard-labs.net)

# SQALP (Simple Query Analyzer for Log Parser)

The screenshot shows the Visual LogParser application window. The main editor contains a SQL query:

```
1 SELECT RecordNumber, TimeGenerated, Message
2 FROM Application
3 WHERE EventID=8194 AND SourceName='VSS'
4 order by RecordNumber desc
```

A text box highlights a batch file alternative:

```
batch file alternative (%filename% in sql)
echo off
cls
logparser.exe -i:W3C file:WinFW.sql?
filename=C:\pfirewall.log -o:DATAGRID
```

The Results pane displays a table of event logs:

RecordNumber	TimeGenerated	Message
16489	2009-05-08 13:15:32	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
15886	2009-05-05 17:13:24	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
15816	2009-05-05 16:23:41	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
15708	2009-05-05 10:28:17	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
15705	2009-05-05 10:26:53	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14829	2009-04-16 09:42:28	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14737	2009-04-15 20:05:55	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14734	2009-04-15 20:05:19	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14594	2009-04-13 02:07:46	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14590	2009-04-12 23:45:07	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14587	2009-04-12 23:43:30	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
14004	2009-03-31 02:07:05	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
13928	2009-03-29 13:34:42	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
13904	2009-03-28 13:11:06	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
13901	2009-03-28 13:08:54	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...
13899	2009-03-28 13:07:33	Volume Shadow Copy Service error: Unexpected error querying for the IVssWriterCallback interface. hr = 0x80...

The interface also includes a menu bar (File, Edit, Query, View, Tools, Windows, Help), a toolbar, and a status bar at the bottom that reads "Query batch completed." and "DATAGRID".

# MicroSoft Log Parser, events etc.

- Log Parser download
  - <http://www.microsoft.com/technet/scriptcenter/tools/logparser/default.aspx>
- Visual Log Parser GUI (SQALP)  
<http://en.serialcoder.net/logiciels/visual-logparser.aspx>
- Log Parser Help File
  - Very good resource!
- Book with loads of scripts and queries  
<http://www.elsevierdirect.com/companion.jsp?ISBN=9781932266528>
- Microsoft log events
  - <http://eventlogs.blogspot.com>
  - <http://eventid.net> (what does it mean?)
- Forensic Log Parsing with Microsoft's Log Parser
  - <http://www.securityfocus.com/infocus/1712>

**"Mastering Windows Network Forensics and Investigation" have a good tutorial as well!**

